CHAPTER 6

RESULTS

6.0 **RESULTS**

6.1 INJURY SURVEY

The mean and standard deviations (SD) of anthropometric measurements of age: 24.71 ± 4.37 years, height: 173.51 ± 7.40 cm, body weight: 68.40 ± 6.83 kg, BMI: 22.70 ± 1.72 kg/m² and a cricketing experience: 5.60 ± 4.05 years was noted. Total number of injured players in each role were: batsmen – 9, fast bowler - 7, fast medium pace bowler - 2, medium pace bowler - 9, right arm off spinner - 1, right arm leg spinner - 2, left arm spinner - 2 and wicket keeper– 3 as shown in Figure 4.

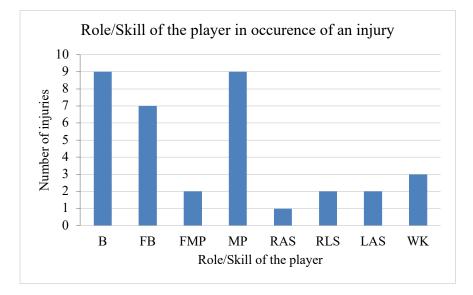


Figure 4: Occurrence of injuries according to the role of the players

*B - Batsman, FB - Fast bowler, FMP - Fast medium pace, MP - Medium pace bowler, RAS - Right arm spin, RLS - Right arm leg spinner, LAS - Left arm spinner, WK - Wicket keeper.

Over the study period, 35 significant injuries were recorded executing an annual prevalence rate of 10.97%. Prominent anatomical sites of the injury were - shoulder (22.85%), lumbar spine (17.14%), knee (11.42%) and thigh (8.57%) as indicated in figure 5.

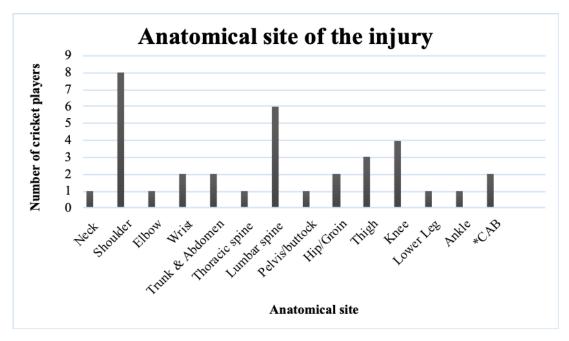


Figure 5: Anatomical site of the injury among the cricket players

*CAB - Crossing anatomical boundaries

Injuries were predominantly muscles (40%), fracture and others (28.57%), tendon (14.28%) and ligament (11.42%). Batsmen and medium pacers sustained about 25.71% of injuries followed by fast bowlers 20%, wicket keepers 8.57%, fast medium pace bowler, right arm leg spinner and left arm spinner each sustained 5.71% injuries and right arm off spinner recorded 2.85% of injury occurrences. Injuries that manifested during fielding were 42.85% followed by 40% of bowling injuries. Match (45.85%) and training (28.57%) injuries were most common followed by gradual onset (25.71%) and other causes (2.85%).

Out of the 35 injuries, 22 were recorded as overuse (gradual/sudden), 8 were contact/impact, 3 were during sprinting while batting/fielding and 2 were recurrent injuries. Among the overuse injuries 25.71% of them were sustained by medium pacers and 20% of them were sustained by fast bowlers as shown in Figure 6. Age range of 18 to 24 years had an alarming rate of 37.14% of overuse injuries. Shoulder injuries were spread across all the age groups, but 71.42% of lumbar spine injuries manifested in the age group of 18 - 24 years as indicated in Figure 7.

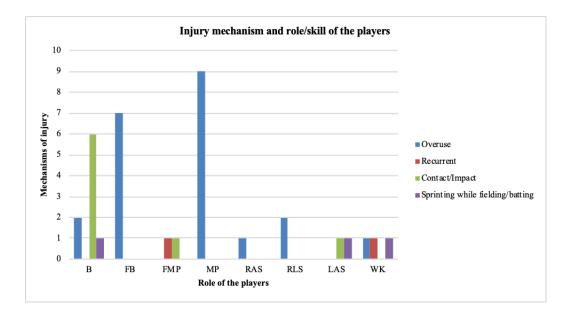


Figure 6: Injury mechanism and role/skill of the players

*B - Batsman, FB - Fast bowler, FMP - Fast medium pace, MP - Medium pace bowler, RAS - Right arm spin, RLS - Right arm leg spinner, LAS - Left arm spinner, WK - Wicket keeper.

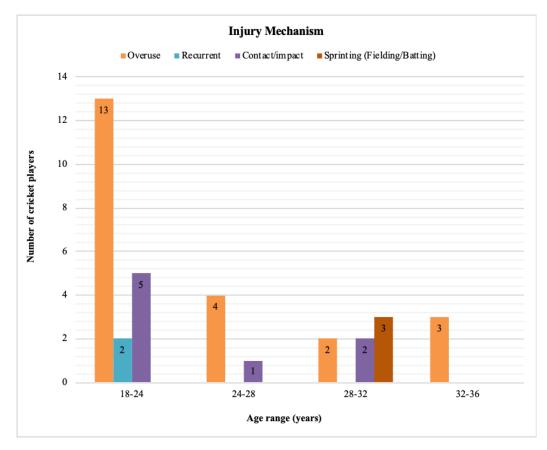


Figure 7: Injury mechanism and age range of the players

Entire range of lumbar spine injuries recorded were all overuse injuries with a gradual onset. Players with right hand dominance (HR) were 74.28% more prone to injuries than players with left hand dominance (HL) that was 25.71%. Evidently, players with right hand dominance showed more injuries on the left side while players with left hand dominance suggest injury on the right side of the body. With respect to the leg dominance, players who were right leg dominant (LR) were 77.14% vulnerable to injuries as opposed to the left leg dominant (LL) players with 22.85%. Though the right leg dominant players were marginally prone to injuries on the right side (40%), the left leg dominant players exhibited noticeable injuries on the right as well (17.14%).

Data on the injury side also reveals that 75% of shoulder injuries were on the right side, while 71% of lumbar spine injuries were on the left side of the body. All lumbar injuries occurred on the non-dominant side of the player. Medium pacers displayed 77.7% of injuries on the left side while the batsman showed 55.5 % injuries on the right side of the body. Though shoulder was the most pronounced anatomical region of the injury, it was the lumbar spine injuries that resulted in distinct loss of play days of 34.64% as depicted in Figure 8.

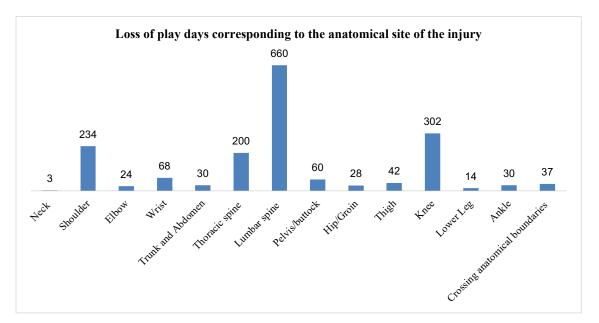


Figure 8: Loss of play days corresponding to the anatomical site of the injury

On the other hand with the increase in cricketing experience there is a gradual attrition in injury instances. Age group of 18-24 years had 45% of injuries with 56% loss of play days, there was a 20%

occurrence of injuries in the age bracket of 32-36 years who had a loss of play days of 24.01%. It was again the medium pacers who had the highest loss of play days (45.95%) followed by batsmen (16.85%) and fast bowlers (15.35%). Meanwhile, bowling injuries showed a 49.5% loss of play days, thus, being the most predisposed activity for occurrence of an injury as shown in Figure 9. Also, the study revealed a sudden upswing in the rate of injuries during the month of December (20%).

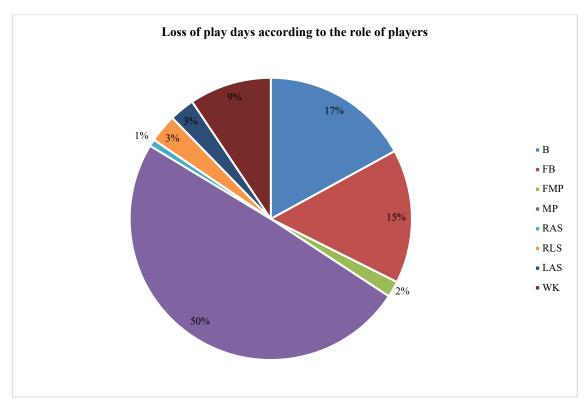


Figure 9: Loss of play days according to the role of the players

*B - Batsman, FB - Fast bowler, FMP- Fast medium pace, MP - Medium pace bowler, RAS – Right arm spin, RLS - Right arm leg spinner, LAS - Left arm spinner, WK - Wicket keeper.

Variable loss of play days was not normally distributed across the parameters of body region, injury side, time of onset, activity of onset and injury mechanism. Thus, non-parametric test (Kruskal Wallis Test) was used to make the group comparisons (Table 4), which indicated that loss of play days was significant in the variable of time of onset (p<0.05) wherein, it was the sub group of gradual onset on the injuries that showed highest loss of play days.

Parameters	Loss of play days (Mean ±SD)	p value
Body Region Involved		0.083
Ankle	30.00 ± 0	
Crossing Anatomical boundaries	18.50 ± 16.26	
Elbow	24.00 ± 0	
Hip and Groin	14.00 ± 9.90	
Knee	75.50 ± 70.17	
Lower Leg	14.00 ± 0	
Lumbar Spine	110.00 ± 76.68	
Neck	3.00 ± 0	
Pelvis/Buttock	60.00 ± 0	
Shoulder	29.25 ± 38.28	
Thigh	14.00 ± 5.29	
Thoracic Spine	200.00 ± 0	
Trunk and Abdominal	15.00 ± 1.41	
Wrist	34.00 ± 5.66	
Fime of onset***		0.002
Gradual	107.33 ± 73.13	
Match	19.67 ± 16.07	
Training	46.80 ± 56.80	
Others	3.00 ± 0	
Activity of Onset		0.107
Batting	12.00 ± 0	
Bowling	61.36 ± 69.59	
Fielding	25.77 ± 30.65	
Fielding Practice	20.00 ± 0	
Gradual	119.50 ± 65.73	
Warmup	25.00 ± 0	
Others	3.00 ± 0	

Table 4: Association between loss of play days and parameters of body region, time of onset,activity of onset and injury mechanism.

ParametersLoss of play days (Mean ±SD)		p value
Injury Mechanism (Cause)		0.446
Contact with moving object (ball)	17.50 ± 14.53	
Contact with other player	25.00 ± 0	
Contact with stagnant object	38.00 ± 0	
Impact/Contact	10.00 ± 0.00	
Over use (Gradual onset)	72.69 ± 72.24	
Over use (Sudden Onset)	37.40 ± 46.92	
Overuse (Gradual onset)	30.00 ± 0	
Recurrent of previous injury	78.50 ± 101.12	
Sprinting while fielding/batting	14.00 ± 5.29	

***Significant at p<0.05, Kruskal Wallis Test

According to this study, both medication and physiotherapy are employed in the management of injury. Also, four surgeries were reported (11.42%) – reconstructive shoulder surgery (fast bowler who sustained a slap lesion with a gradual onset of the injury), knee chondroplasty (an all-rounder who sustained a lateral femoral condylar osteochondral lesion, with loose body and popliteus tendon partial tear during a warm-up session), ACL (Anterior cruciate ligament) reconstruction surgery (wicket keeper who had a gradual onset of a near complete tear involving upper part of anterior cruciate ligament) and discectomy (batsman who during a training had a mild posterior annular disc protrusion at L4-L5 level).

6.2 *YOGA* MODULE

CVR was calculated for all the 32 *yoga* practices and practices that yielded a $CVR \ge 0.47$ were included. However, six *yoga* practices with $CVR \le 0.47$ were rejected from the designed *yoga* module (Ayre & Scally, 2014). The mean CVR was 0.6 ± 0.22 . As per the Lawshe's CVR ratio the minimum value for 19 SMEs is 0.47, it means the CVR ratio achieved to evaluate the content validity of the *yoga* module is found to be significant and the validated module is valid to be used as an intervention for facilitating muscular functioning and mindfulness among asymptomatic male cricket players. All the practices with a $CVR \ge 0.47$, were identified and retained for inclusion in the final list of validated

practices. Thus, a total of 26 practices out of 32 practices were considered to be retained as indicated by Table 5.

Yoga practices	Ne*	N**	N/2	Ne-N/2	CVR***
Pavanamuktāsana kriya	14	19	9.5	4.5	0.47
Sūryanamaskāra	19	19	9.5	9.5	1
Utthitatrikoņāsana	16	19	9.5	6.5	0.68
Parivrttatrikoņāsana	16	19	9.5	6.5	0.68
Pārśvakoņāsana	16	19	9.5	6.5	0.68
Vīrabhadrāsana I	15	19	9.5	5.5	0.57
Vīrabhadrāsana II	14	19	9.5	4.5	0.47
Utthitahastapādāṅguṣṭhāsana	15	19	9.5	5.5	0.57
Prasāritapādottānāsana	16	19	9.5	6.5	0.68
Vṛkṣāsana	15	19	9.5	5.5	0.57
Baddhakoṇāsana	15	19	9.5	5.5	0.57
Upavisțakoņāsana	15	19	9.5	5.5	0.57
Gomukhāsana	14	19	9.5	4.5	0.47
Parivrttajānuśīrṣāsana	14	19	9.5	4.5	0.47
Ușțrāsana	18	19	9.5	8.5	0.89
Vīrāsana	16	19	9.5	6.5	0.68
Bhujangāsana	18	19	9.5	8.5	0.89
Śalabhāsana	16	19	9.5	6.5	0.68
Dhanurāsana	17	19	9.5	7.5	0.78
Sālambasarvāngāsana	16	19	9.5	6.5	0.68
Matsyāsana	16	19	9.5	6.5	0.68
Uttānapādāsana	15	19	9.5	5.5	0.57
Jațharaparivartanāsana	18	19	9.5	8.5	0.89
Nādiśuddhi	18	19	9.5	8.5	0.89
Bhrāmari	18	19	9.5	8.5	0.89
Deep Relaxation (Śavāsana)	18	19	9.5	8.5	0.89

Table 5: Validated *yoga* practices with $CVR \ge 0.33$ as per Lawshe's formula

Ne* - Total number of essentials for each pertinent yoga practice

N**- Total number of experts in the validation panel

CVR*** - Content Validity Ratio

6.3 YOGA INTERVENTION - MUSCULAR FUNCTIONING

A total of 42 cricket players were taken in each group. However, there were two dropouts from the wait-list control group as they were lost to both the post and the follow-up assessments due to their unavailability. Hence, in the *yoga* group n=42 and in the wait-list control group n=40. Prior to performing any statistical analysis for comparison, data were compiled to obtain the descriptive statistics. There were no missing data at T1 (baseline), T2 (post-*yoga* intervention) and at T3 (follow-up). Basic demographic details of age, height, body weight, and cricketing experience at the professional level were analysed using descriptive statistics as shown in Table 6.

Variable	Yoga group	Control group
Number of cricket players (n)	42	40
Age (year) mean <u>+</u> SD value	21.07±4.19	21.72±3.29
Height (cm) mean+SD value	176.95±6.13	177.52±4.88
Body weight (kg) mean+SD value	69.62±8	69.75±7.55
Cricketing experience (year) mean+SD value	5.47±3.14	6.37±2.69

Table 6: Anthropometric measures at baseline

Mean<u>+</u>SD of the muscular functioning indicators of *yoga* group and control group have been shown in table 7. The scores which showed statistical significance with p<.001 at baseline were further evaluated. These scores were substituted at T2 with the difference between the individual raw scores of T2 and baseline score (T2-T1) and at T3 with the difference between the individual raw scores of T3 and baseline score (T3-T1). Thus, obtained scores (T2-T1 and T3-T1) were further tested for significance using unpaired t-test. A statistical significance with p<.001 was observed for all the variable at T2 and T3 except YBT PL (R), YBT DELTA, POA 11°PEO and POA 25°PEO at T2 and BASR IR (R), YBT DELTA, POA 10°DEO, POA 10°DEC, POA 11°PEO, POA 25°PEO and POA 25°PEC at T3 as indicated in Table 8.

Name]	T1 (Mean <u>+</u> SD)	T2 ()	Mean <u>+</u> SD)	T	T3 (Mean <u>+</u> SD)	
	Yoga	Control	Yoga	Control	Yoga	Control	
1. DLL	70.28+11.23	69.18 <u>+</u> 11.70	55.52 <u>+</u> 12.22	72.01 <u>+</u> 6.56	58.29 <u>+</u> 9.1	71.55 <u>+</u> 5.79	
2. SBT (R)	78.62 <u>+</u> 31.6	79.2 <u>+</u> 29.1	110.95 <u>+</u> 30.35	68.3 <u>+</u> 27.73	107.4 <u>+</u> 32.96	59.98 <u>+</u> 26.19	
3. SBT (L)	93.98 <u>+</u> 27.92	78.08 <u>+</u> 31.42	123.17 <u>+</u> 30.06	67.63 <u>+</u> 26.66	109.48 <u>+</u> 37.99	59.9 <u>+</u> 24.44	
4. BSR (R)	27.17 <u>+</u> 4.04	27.45 <u>+</u> 3.83	32.43 <u>+</u> 5.23	26.38 <u>+</u> 3.75	30.88 <u>+</u> 4.46	24.88 <u>+</u> 3.39	
5. BSR (L)	28.24 <u>+</u> 3.7	28.1 <u>+</u> 4.15	33.14 <u>+</u> 4.18	26.5 <u>+</u> 4	31.55 <u>+</u> 4.72	24.65 <u>+</u> 3.05	
6. BASR IR (R)	77.43 <u>+</u> 11.64	72.73 <u>+</u> 3.27	4.52 <u>+</u> 5.48	-0.28 <u>+</u> 2.73	1.40 <u>+</u> 10.16	-1.60 <u>+</u> 3.48	
7. BASR IR (L)	79.48 <u>+</u> 10.75	72.48 <u>+</u> 3.96	4.76 <u>+</u> 5.48	-2.45 <u>+</u> 4.01	2.86 <u>+</u> 6.45	-2.70 <u>+</u> 4.40	
8. BASR ER (R)	94.02 <u>+</u> 8.25	92.7 <u>+</u> 3.99	98.21 <u>+</u> 8.13	91.53 <u>+</u> 5.75	97.21 <u>+</u> 7.98	89.33 <u>+</u> 7.1	
9. BASR ER (L)	95.95 <u>+</u> 8.45	92.25 <u>+</u> 5.28	101.17 <u>+</u> 9.14	90.3 <u>+</u> 6.87	98.76 <u>+</u> 8.48	87.85 <u>+</u> 6.62	
10. SB EO (R)	47.36 <u>+</u> 27.45	78.53 <u>+</u> 37.63	56.21 <u>+</u> 43.08	-10.83 <u>+</u> 19.35	48.83 <u>+</u> 37.49	-18.75 <u>+</u> 21.95	
11. SB EO (L)	58 <u>+</u> 35.97	78.73 <u>+</u> 32.97	118.1 <u>+</u> 63.23	66.2 <u>+</u> 30.94	107.52 <u>+</u> 44.32	57.88 <u>+</u> 29.91	
12. SB EC (R)	14.71 <u>+</u> 12.28	28.68 <u>+</u> 27.02	11.31 <u>+</u> 9.95	-5.83 <u>+</u> 16.07	11.21 <u>+</u> 11.21	-11.53 <u>+</u> 26.42	
13. SB EC (L)	15.55 <u>+</u> 9.39	25.68 <u>+</u> 13.84	19.79 <u>+</u> 16.14	-9.48 <u>+</u> 14.27	13.74 <u>+</u> 17.39	11.03 <u>+</u> 14.67	
14. YBT ANT (R)	52.36 <u>+</u> 14.14	67.85 <u>+</u> 16.89	21.33 <u>+</u> 12.96	-0.85 <u>+</u> 10.69	16.45 <u>+</u> 10.99	<u>-</u> 3.88 <u>+</u> 12.14	
15. YBT PM (R)	52.43 <u>+</u> 14.14	65.48 <u>+</u> 17.88	21.40 <u>+</u> 11.66	-1 <u>+</u> 15.11.02	16.5 <u>+</u> 11.84	-3.55 <u>+</u> 22.82	
16. YBT PL (R)	54.93 <u>+</u> 14.92	66.2 <u>+</u> 17.44	75.67 <u>+</u> 18.48	64.48 <u>+</u> 18.08	70 <u>+</u> 16	60.8 <u>+</u> 15.43	
17. YBT ANT (L)	52.76 <u>+</u> 15.15	70.35 <u>+</u> 16.5	23.33 <u>+</u> 14.13	<u>-</u> 1.73 <u>+</u> 12.99	18.17 <u>+</u> 11.97	-5.73 <u>+</u> 14.98	
18. YBT PM (L)	53.57 <u>+</u> 15.13	68.1 <u>+</u> 17.25	21.79 <u>+</u> 13.96	-0.53 <u>+</u> 11.45	19.12 <u>+</u> 14.92	-5.85 <u>+</u> 11.36	
19. YBT PL (L)	55.07 <u>+</u> 15.15	67.93 <u>+</u> 15.95	19.4 <u>+</u> 11.69	-2.5 <u>+</u> 11.44	17.74 <u>+</u> 13.51	-7 <u>+</u> 12.05	
20. YBT COMP (R)	55.72 <u>+</u> 13.16	70.09 <u>+</u> 17.73	21.86 <u>+</u> 12.84	-1.43 <u>+</u> 15.73	18.06 <u>+</u> 12.69	-4.94 <u>+</u> 14.41	
21. YBT COMP (L)	55.94 <u>+</u> 13.83	71.99 <u>+</u> 16.3	21.63 <u>+</u> 12.95	-2.3 <u>+</u> 12.16	19.47 <u>+</u> 13.34	-6.86 <u>+</u> 11.18	
22. YBT DELTA	0.23 <u>+</u> 4.63	1.91 <u>+</u> 6.33	0.32 <u>+</u> 4.17	1.04 <u>+</u> 6.5	1.64 <u>+</u> 2.99	0.01 <u>+</u> 6.11	

 Table 7: Mean<u>+</u>SD of the muscular functioning indicators of yoga group and control group

23. POA 10°DEO	8.19 <u>+</u> 2.76	9.8 <u>+</u> 1.8	1.64 <u>+</u> 2.37	0.12 <u>+</u> 1.73	1.2 <u>+</u> 2.76	-0.03 <u>+</u> 1.33
24. POA 10°DEC	7.29 <u>+</u> 5.26	6.87 <u>+</u> 3.13	9.39 <u>+</u> 1.97	12.03 <u>+</u> 5.42	6.84 <u>+</u> 3.17	5.22 <u>+</u> 3.20
25. POA 11°PEO	10.92 <u>+</u> 2.44	11.54 <u>+</u> 2.10	11.19 <u>+</u> 0.6	12.52 <u>+</u> 4.17	11.57 <u>+</u> 1.46	11.45 <u>+</u> 1.35
26. POA 11°PEC	10.67 <u>+</u> 7.11	9.06 <u>+</u> 6.14	10.95 <u>+</u> 1.65	7.36 <u>+</u> 4.46	8.73 <u>+</u> 5.11	7.3 <u>+</u> 4.74
27. POA 25°PEO	23.04 <u>+</u> 4.79	24.04 <u>+</u> 3.08	23.87 <u>+</u> 2.86	23.37 <u>+</u> 2.28	23.69 <u>+</u> 1.97	23.51 <u>+</u> 1.81
28. POA 25°PEC	22.89 <u>+</u> 10.51	19.36 <u>+</u> 8.59	22.97 <u>+</u> 4.07	14.84 <u>+</u> 6.18	18.69 <u>+</u> 5.09	15.7 <u>+</u> 6.66

- DLL Double leg lowering test
- SBT Side bridge test
- BSR- Back saver sit and reach test
- BASR Bi-lateral active shoulder rotation range of motion; IR Internal rotation; ER External rotation
- SB Stork balance; EO Eyes open; EC Eyes closed
- YBT Y Balance Test; Ant Anterior; PM Posterio medial; PL Posterio lateral
- POA Proprioception of the ankle; 10°D 10° dorsiflexio; 11°P 11° plantar flexion; 25°P 25° plantar flexion; EO Eyes open; EC Eyes closed
- T1 Baseline
- T2 Post yoga intervention
- T3 Follow-up

Table 8:	Individual	l comparison	at each	timepoints
----------	------------	--------------	---------	------------

Name	T1	Τ2	Т3
1. DLL	t(65.64) = -0.01, p = .989, d < 0.01	t(56.77) = 8.25, p < .001, d = 1.81*	t(68.54) = 7.66, p < .001, d = 1.70*
2. SBT (R)	t(78.83) = 0.24, p = .810, d = 0.05	t(79.00) = -6.55, p < .001, d = -1.46*	t(78.28) = -7.27, p < .001, d = -1.61*
3. SBT (L)	t(77.84) = -2.42, p = .018, d = -0.54	t(79.61) = -8.86, p < .001, d = -1.95*	t(70.41) = -7.06, p < .001, d = -1.54*
4. BSR (R)	t(79.93) = 0.22, p = .826, d = 0.05	t(74.46) = -6.05, p < .001, d = -1.33*	t(76.30) = -6.88, p < .001, d = -1.51*
5. BSR (L)	t(77.82) = -0.60, p = .552, d = -0.13	t(77.89) = -7.62, p < .001, d = -1.70*	t(72.23) = -8.28, p < .001, d = -1.84*
6. BASR IR (R)	t(45.81) = -3.51, p < .001, d = -0.77*	t(60.7) = -5.06, p < .001, d = 0.73*	t(50.9) = -5.28, p = 0.07, d = 1.39
7. BASR IR (L)	t(48.51) = -3.64, p < .001, d = -0.78*	t(76.32) = 6.98, p < .001, d = 1.28*	t(72.68) = 4.57, p < .001, d = 1.30*
8. BASR ER (R)	t(60.19) = -1.29, p = .202, d = -0.28	t(67.41) = -4.55, p < .001, d = -1.01*	t(60.95) = -4.51, p < .001, d = -1.00*
9. BASR ER (L)	t(55.55) = -2.80, p = .007, d = -0.62	t(62.47) = -6.68, p < .001, d = -1.47*	t(69.08) = -6.38, p < .001, d = -1.41*
10. SB EO (R)	t(65.80) = 4.63, p < .001, d = 1.04*	t(57.5) = 9.16, p < .001, d = 0.51*	t(66.73) = 10.01, p < .001, d = 1.09*
11. SB EO (L)	t(77.90) = 3.25, p = .002, d = 0.73	t(60.02) = -4.63, p < .001, d = -1.02*	t(70.44) = -5.72, p < .001, d = -1.27*
12. SB EC (R)	t(70.72) = 4.70, p < .001, d = 1.05*	t(64.5) = -5.77, p < .001, d = 1.79*	t(52.06) = 5.03, p < .001, d = 1.73*
13. SB EC (L)	t(67.25) = 3.67, p < .001, d = 0.83*	t(79.55) = 8.7, p < .001, d = -1.6*	t(78.87) = 6.98, p < .001, d = -1.07*
14. YBT ANT (R)	t(76.17) = 4.49, p < .001, d = 1.00*	t(78.42) = 8.47, p < .001, d = 1.01*	t(768.29) = 7.93, <.001, d = 0.96*
15. YBT PM (R)	t(74.22) = 3.65, p < .001, d = 0.81*	t(79.96) = 8.94, p < .001, d = 1.12*	t(57.92) = 4.95, <.001, d = 2.42*
16. YBT PL (R)	t(76.81) = 3.14, p = .002, d = 0.70	t(79.94) = -2.77, p = .007, d = -0.61	t(79.19) = -2.57, p = .012, d = -0.57
17. YBT ANT (L)	t(79.21) = 5.19, p < .001, d = 1.15*	t(79.9) = 8.03, p < .001, d = 2.45*	t(74.5) = 7.95, p < .001, d = 0.81*
18. YBT PM (L)	t(75.50) = 4.04, p < .001, d = 0.90*	t(78.29) = 7.92, p < .001, d = 0.2*	t(76.35) = 8.55, p < .001, d = 0.79*
19. YBT PL (L)	t(79.20) = 3.74, p < .001, d = 0.83*	t(79.93) = 8.57, p < .001, d = 1.44*	t(79.66) = 8.75, p < .001, d = 1.39*
20. YBT COMP (R)	t(71.86) = 4.15, p < .001, d = 0.92*	t(75.35) = 7.32, p < .001, d = -0.93*	t(77.61) = 7.65, p < .001, d = 1.52*
21. YBT COMP (L)	t(75.50) = 5.02, p < .001, d = 1.12*	t(79.98) = 8.63, p < .001, d = 1.37*	t(78.74) = 9.7, p < .001, d = 1.95*
22. YBT DELTA	t(62.61) = 1.60, p = .114, d = 0.37	t(52.77) = 1.07, p = .289, d = 0.25	t(61.49) = 1.94, p = .057, d = 0.44
23. POA 10°DEO	t(54.27) = -4.21, p < .001, d = -0.92*	t(75.03) = 3.33, p < .001, d = 1.57*	t(59.72) = 2.59, p = .012, d = -1.03

24. POA 10°DEC	t(75.91) = -2.43, p = .017, d = -0.53	t(48.97) = 4.57, p < .001, d = 1.04*	t(78.64) = 1.59, p = .116, d = 0.35
25. POA 11°PEO	t(76.93) = -2.05, p = .043, d = -0.46	t(38.56) = 2.45, p = .019, d = 0.57	t(44.84) = -2.00, p = .052, d = -0.43
26. POA 11°PEC	t(75.82) = -1.91, p = .060, d = -0.43	t(59.75) = 7.90, p < .001, d = 1.81*	t(74.34) = -3.37, p < .001, d = -0.75*
27. POA 25°PEO	t(58.24) = -2.91, p = .005, d = -0.64	t(74.84) = 0.29, p = .773, d = 0.06	t(77.83) = -1.00, p = .320, d = -0.22
28. POA 25°PEC	t(78.97) = -0.25, p = .803, d = -0.06	t(55.11) = 9.73, p < .001, d = 2.18*	t(66.71) = 2.49, p = .015, d = 0.56

- DLL Double leg lowering test
- SBT Side bridge test
- BSR Back saver sit and reach test
- BASR Bi-lateral active shoulder rotation range of motion; IR Internal rotation; ER External rotation
- SB Stork balance; EO Eyes open; EC Eyes closed
- YBT Y Balance Test; Ant Anterior; PM Posterio medial; PL Posterio lateral
- POA Proprioception of the ankle; 10°D 10° dorsiflexio; 11°P 11° plantar flexion; 25°P 25° plantar flexion; EO Eyes open; EC Eyes closed
- T1 Baseline
- T2 Post *yoga* intervention
- T3 Follow-up

*<0.001 - exponential significance

Linear mixed-effect model

For all the variables, there seemed no difference of significance and direction of association between the original, outlier removed and the transformed model. Hence, the outlier-removed model was retained. As indicated by the comparison of the model fit there was a significant (p<0.001) difference between the model as compared to the baseline model among all the variables except for YBT DELTA and POA 25°P EO. Overall there was no significant fixed effect (p>0.05) of time except for the variables SB EC (L) at T2 as compared to T1, and significant difference with the variables SBT (R), BSR (R), BSR (L), BASR ER (L), SB EO (R), SB EC(R), YBT PL (L) at T3 as compared to the T1. Also, significant fixed effect in group (*yoga* as compared to controls) can be noted only for the variables BASR IR (R), BASR IR (L), SB EO (R), SB EC(R), SB EC(L), YBT ANT (R), YBT ANT (L), YBT PM (L), YBT PL (R), YBT PL (L), YBT COMP (R), YBT COMP (L) and POA10°D EO as illustrated in Table 9.

Evidence of interaction effect suggests significant group*time interaction at both time points of T2 and T3 except for the variables - YBT DELTA, POA11°D EO, POA 25°P EO at T2 and for the variables BSR IR (R), YBT DELTA, POA10°D EO, POA10°D EC, POA11°D EO, POA10°D EC, POA 25°P EO and POA 25°P EC at T3.

 Table 9: Repeated measures results for the variables of muscular functioning using linear

 mixed effects model

		Value	Std.Error	t-value	DF	p-value
Baseline	(Intercept)	69.15	0.83	83.69	78	< 0.001
Model 1	(Intercept)	71.09	1.34	53.13	77	< 0.001
DLL	Group (yoga vs control)	0.03	1.86	0.01	77	0.989
	TimeT2	1.51	1.50	1.01	77	0.318
	TimeT3	0.47	1.35	0.35	77	0.730
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	-17.41	2.08	-8.36	77	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	-13.07	1.88	-6.96	77	< 0.001
	Comparison of Model Fit:			X ² (5)=	87.47	, p<0.001
Baseline	(Intercept)	79.35	2.97	26.71	80	< 0.001
Model 2	(Intercept)	79.20	4.78	16.58	79	< 0.001
SBT (R)	Group (yoga vs control)	-1.61	6.72	-0.24	79	0.811
	TimeT2	-10.90	3.37	-3.23	79	0.002
	TimeT3	-19.22	5.02	-3.83	79	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	42.49	4.74	8.96	79	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	46.68	7.05	6.62	79	< 0.001
	Comparison of Model Fit:			X ² (5)	=86.1	, p<0.001
Baseline	(Intercept)	84.66	3.27	25.88	81	< 0.001
Model 3	(Intercept)	78.08	4.69	16.64	80	< 0.001
SBT (L)	Group (yoga vs control)	15.90	6.56	2.43	80	0.018
	TimeT2	-10.45	3.36	-3.11	80	0.003
	TimeT3	-18.18	5.34	-3.40	80	0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	39.64	4.70	8.43	80	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	33.68	7.46	4.51	80	< 0.001
	Comparison of Model Fit:			X ² (5)=	92.19	, p<0.001
Baseline	(Intercept)	27.12	0.41	65.86	81	< 0.001
Model 4	(Intercept)	27.45	0.61	44.85	80	< 0.001
BSR (R)	Group (yoga vs control)	-0.19	0.86	-0.22	80	0.826
	TimeT2	-1.08	0.51	-2.09	80	0.039
	TimeT3	-2.57	0.50	-5.14	80	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	6.24	0.72	8.71	80	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	6.19	0.70	8.85	80	< 0.001

	Comparison of Model Fit:			X ² (5)=97.02, p<0.001		
Baseline	(Intercept)	27.66	0.39	70.30	79	< 0.001
Model 5	(Intercept)	27.79	0.60	46.59	78	< 0.001
BSR (L)	Group (yoga vs control)	0.50	0.83	0.60	78	0.552
	TimeT2	-1.49	0.49	-3.03	78	0.003
	TimeT3	-3.28	0.59	-5.60	78	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	6.39	0.69	9.32	78	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	6.18	0.82	7.55	78	< 0.001
	Comparison of Model Fit:			X ² (5)=1	04.53,	p<0.001
Baseline	(Intercept)	73.98	0.81	91.59	79	< 0.001
Model 6	(Intercept)	72.36	1.23	58.67	78	< 0.001
BASR IR (R)	Group (yoga vs control)	5.91	1.72	3.43	78	< 0.001
	TimeT2	-0.21	0.70	-0.29	78	0.769
	TimeT3	-1.44	1.23	-1.17	78	0.247
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	4.84	0.97	4.98	78	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	2.85	1.72	1.66	78	0.101
	Comparison of Model Fit:			X ² (5)=	57.11,	p<0.001
Baseline	(Intercept)	75.41	0.85	88.20	78	< 0.001
Model 7	(Intercept)	73.16	1.33	54.82	77	< 0.001
BASR IR (L)	Group (yoga vs control)	6.31	1.83	3.45	77	< 0.001
	TimeT2	-1.70	0.71	-2.39	77	0.019
	TimeT3	-1.86	0.86	-2.17	77	0.033
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	6.46	0.98	6.61	77	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	4.72	1.18	4.00	77	< 0.001
	Comparison of Model Fit:			$X^{2}(5)=$	60.13,	p<0.001
Baseline	(Intercept)	93.46	0.65	143.17	79	< 0.001
Model 8	(Intercept)	92.92	0.95	97.97	78	< 0.001
BASR ER (R)	Group (yoga vs control)	1.69	1.32	1.27	78	0.207
	TimeT2	-0.90	0.56	-1.60	78	0.113
	TimeT3	-2.28	0.81	-2.82	78	0.006
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	4.90	0.78	6.26	78	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	4.62	1.13	4.09	78	< 0.001

	Comparison of Model Fit:			$X^{2}(5) =$	53.82.	p<0.001
	1				,	1
Baseline	(Intercept)	94.22	0.70	134.56	78	< 0.001
Model 9	(Intercept)	92.92	0.96	96.83	77	< 0.001
BASR ER (L)	Group (yoga vs control)	3.64	1.33	2.73	77	0.008
	TimeT2	-1.45	0.67	-2.16	77	0.034
	TimeT3	-4.21	0.89	-4.75	77	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	6.59	0.93	7.10	77	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	6.58	1.23	5.34	77	< 0.001
	Comparison of Model Fit:			$X^{2}(5)=$	75.27,	p<0.001
Baseline	(Intercept)	67.13	3.26	20.62	80	< 0.001
Model 10	(Intercept)	78.52	4.97	15.80	79	< 0.001
SB EO (R)	Group (yoga vs control)	-32.55	6.99	-4.66	79	< 0.001
	TimeT2	-10.82	5.33	-2.03	79	0.046
	TimeT3	-18.75	4.85	-3.87	79	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	67.51	7.50	9.01	79	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	68.36	6.82	10.03	79	< 0.001
	Comparison of Model Fit:			X ² (5)=	90.27,	p<0.001
Baseline	(Intercept)	69.68	3.19	21.82	79	< 0.001
Model 11	(Intercept)	76.21	4.72	16.16	78	< 0.001
SB EO (L)	Group (yoga vs control)	-21.42	6.59	-3.25	78	0.002
	TimeT2	-10.77	6.77	-1.59	78	0.116
	TimeT3	-17.85	5.59	-3.19	78	0.002
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	71.09	9.46	7.52	78	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	69.99	7.81	8.96	78	< 0.001
	Comparison of Model Fit:			$X^{2}(5)=$	76.36,	p<0.001
Baseline	(Intercept)	20.55	0.95	21.58	80	< 0.001
Model 12	(Intercept)	24.67	1.70	14.51	79	< 0.001
SB EC (R)	Group (yoga vs control)	-11.28	2.39	-4.72	79	< 0.001
	TimeT2	-3.82	1.59	-2.40	79	0.019
	TimeT3	-7.52	1.86	-4.04	79	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	14.70	2.24	6.56	79	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	18.45	2.62	7.05	79	< 0.001

	Comparison of Model Fit:			X ² (5)=55.48, p<0.001			
	Comparison of Model Pit.			A (3)-	55.40,	p<0.001	
Baseline	(Intercept)	21.12	1.05	20.19	78	< 0.001	
Model 13	(Intercept)	25.51	1.92	13.30	77	< 0.001	
SB EC (L)	Group (yoga vs control)	-9.94	2.70	-3.69	77	< 0.001	
	TimeT2	-9.54	2.10	-4.53	77	< 0.001	
	TimeT3	-11.49	2.35	-4.88	77	< 0.001	
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	26.91	2.96	9.10	77	< 0.001	
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	24.14	3.31	7.30	77	< 0.001	
	Comparison of Model Fit:			$X^{2}(5)=$	71.62,	p<0.001	
Baseline	(Intercept)	64.98	1.55	41.96	81	< 0.001	
Model 14	(Intercept)	67.85	2.46	27.61	80	< 0.001	
YBT ANT (R)	Group (yoga vs control)	-15.49	3.43	-4.51	80	< 0.001	
	TimeT2	-0.60	1.87	-0.32	80	0.749	
	TimeT3	-3.88	1.83	-2.12	80	0.037	
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	21.93	2.61	8.42	80	< 0.001	
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	20.33	2.56	7.96	80	< 0.001	
	Comparison of Model Fit:			$X^{2}(5)=$	90.25,	p<0.001	
Baseline	(Intercept)	63.44	1.46	43.49	81	< 0.001	
Model 15	(Intercept)	65.48	2.53	25.85	80	< 0.001	
YBT ANT (L)	Group (yoga vs control)	-13.05	3.54	-3.69	80	< 0.001	
	TimeT2	-1.00	1.80	-0.56	80	0.579	
	TimeT3	-3.55	2.76	-1.29	80	0.202	
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	22.40	2.51	8.92	80	< 0.001	
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	20.05	3.85	5.20	80	< 0.001	
	Comparison of Model Fit:			$X^{2}(5)=$	86.94,	p<0.001	
Baseline	(Intercept)	63.85	1.56	40.94	81	< 0.001	
Model 16	(Intercept)	66.20	2.56	25.84	80	< 0.001	
YBT PM (R)	Group (yoga vs control)	-11.27	3.58	-3.15	80	0.002	
	TimeT2	-1.73	2.32	-0.74	80	0.459	
	TimeT3	-4.65	2.20	-2.12	80	0.037	
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	22.46	3.24	6.93	80	< 0.001	
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	19.72	3.07	6.42	80	< 0.001	

	Comparison of Model Fit:			X ² (5)	=66.1,	p<0.001
Baseline	(Intercept)	66.72	1.50	44.45	81	< 0.001
Model 17	(Intercept)	70.60	2.46	28.75	80	< 0.001
YBT PM (L)	Group (yoga vs control)	-17.84	3.43	-5.20	80	< 0.001
	TimeT2	-2.72	2.05	-1.33	80	0.188
	TimeT3	-5.97	2.13	-2.80	80	0.006
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	25.06	2.87	8.74	80	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	24.14	2.98	8.10	80	< 0.001
	Comparison of Model Fit:			$X^{2}(5)=$	85.45,	p<0.001
Baseline	(Intercept)	64.46	1.64	39.27	80	< 0.001
Model 18	(Intercept)	68.28	2.61	26.20	79	< 0.001
YBT PL (R)	Group (yoga vs control)	-14.71	3.62	-4.06	79	< 0.001
	TimeT2	-1.97	1.79	-1.11	79	0.272
	TimeT3	-5.72	2.14	-2.67	79	0.009
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	23.76	2.48	9.58	79	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	24.84	2.97	8.35	79	< 0.001
	Comparison of Model Fit:			$X^{2}(5)=$	98.67,	p<0.001
Baseline	(Intercept)	64.28	1.68	38.32	81	< 0.001
Model 19	(Intercept)	67.92	2.46	27.64	80	< 0.001
YBT PL (L)	Group (yoga vs control)	-12.85	3.43	-3.74	80	< 0.001
	TimeT2	-2.50	1.83	-1.37	80	0.176
	TimeT3	-7.00	2.03	-3.45	80	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	21.90	2.56	8.57	80	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	24.74	2.83	8.73	80	< 0.001
	Comparison of Model Fit:			$X^{2}(5)=$	92.49,	p<0.001
Baseline	(Intercept)	66.88	1.54	43.31	81	< 0.001
Model 20	(Intercept)	70.09	2.46	28.49	80	< 0.001
YBT COMP (R)	Group (yoga vs control)	-14.37	3.44	-4.18	80	< 0.001
	TimeT2	-1.43	2.26	-0.63	80	0.529
	TimeT3	-4.94	2.14	-2.31	80	0.024
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	23.29	3.16	7.36	80	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	23.00	3.00	7.68	80	< 0.001

	Comparison of Model Fit:			X ² (5)=75.32, p<0.001		
Baseline	(Intercept)	68.39	1.51	45.24	80	< 0.001
Model 21	(Intercept)	72.66	2.38	30.48	79	< 0.001
YBT COMP (L)	Group (yoga vs control)	-16.72	3.31	-5.05	79	< 0.001
	TimeT2	-1.59	1.96	-0.81	79	0.421
	TimeT3	-6.28	1.94	-3.23	79	0.002
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	23.22	2.72	8.53	79	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	25.75	2.70	9.54	79	< 0.001
	Comparison of Model Fit:			$X^{2}(5)=$	98.18,	p<0.001
Baseline	(Intercept)	2.97	0.26	11.33	76	< 0.001
Model 22	(Intercept)	4.23	0.57	7.44	75	< 0.001
YBT DELTA	Group (yoga vs control)	-1.29	0.80	-1.61	75	0.111
	TimeT2	-0.84	0.63	-1.35	75	0.183
	TimeT3	-0.97	0.63	-1.54	75	0.129
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	0.49	0.88	0.55	75	0.582
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	0.19	0.88	0.22	75	0.827
	Comparison of Model Fit:			X ² (5)	=9.36,	p=0.095
Baseline	(Intercept)	0.74	0.08	9.23	77	< 0.001
Model 23	(Intercept)	0.80	0.28	2.83	76	0.006
POA10°D EO	Group (yoga vs control)	1.58	0.39	4.05	76	< 0.001
	TimeT2	-0.01	0.30	-0.03	76	0.979
	TimeT3	-0.26	0.29	-0.92	76	0.359
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	-1.88	0.41	-4.55	76	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	-1.14	0.40	-2.89	76	0.005
	Comparison of Model Fit:			X ² (5)=	40.65,	p<0.001
Baseline	(Intercept)	4.06	0.16	25.56	80	< 0.001
Model 24	(Intercept)	3.99	0.38	10.58	79	< 0.001
POA 10°D EC	Group (yoga vs control)	1.26	0.52	2.40	79	0.019
	TimeT2	0.15	0.52	0.29	79	0.770
	TimeT3	0.69	0.48	1.44	79	0.155
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	-3.83	0.73	-5.25	79	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	-1.98	0.67	-2.97	79	0.004

	Comparison of Model Fit:			X ² (5)=47.92, p<0.001		
Baseline	(Intercept)	0.81	0.08	9.89	78	< 0.001
Model 25	(Intercept)	0.83	0.25	3.32	77	< 0.001
POA 11°P EO	Group (yoga vs control)	0.71	0.35	2.05	77	0.044
	TimeT2	0.56	0.40	1.42	77	0.159
	TimeT3	-0.39	0.29	-1.35	77	0.183
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	-1.72	0.55	-3.14	77	0.002
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	-0.31	0.41	-0.77	77	0.445
	Comparison of Model Fit:			$X^{2}(5) =$	20.93,	p<0.001
Baseline	(Intercept)	3.25	0.13	24.39	78	< 0.001
Model 26	(Intercept)	3.95	0.54	7.35	77	< 0.001
POA 11°P EC	Group (yoga vs control)	1.41	0.75	1.89	77	0.062
	TimeT2	-0.20	0.57	-0.35	77	0.729
	TimeT3	-0.92	0.63	-1.46	77	0.147
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	-3.84	0.80	-4.81	77	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	0.14	0.88	0.16	77	0.875
	Comparison of Model Fit:			X ² (5)=	81.56,	p<0.001
Baseline	(Intercept)	1.73	0.13	13.63	80	< 0.001
Model 27	(Intercept)	1.58	0.42	3.74	79	< 0.001
POA 25°P EO	Group (yoga vs control)	1.72	0.59	2.89	79	0.005
	TimeT2	0.14	0.40	0.34	79	0.738
	TimeT3	0.02	0.46	0.03	79	0.974
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	-1.83	0.57	-3.23	79	0.002
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	-1.42	0.65	-2.18	79	0.032
	Comparison of Model Fit:			X ² (5)=	18.32,	p=0.003
Baseline	(Intercept)	8.26	0.38	21.80	80	< 0.001
Model 28	(Intercept)	8.61	0.87	9.85	79	< 0.001
POA 25°P EC	Group (yoga vs control)	0.31	1.23	0.25	79	0.803
	TimeT2	2.27	0.99	2.29	79	0.025
	TimeT3	1.31	1.19	1.10	79	0.274
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	-8.43	1.39	-6.06	79	< 0.001
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	-2.96	1.68	-1.76	79	0.081

- DLL Double leg lowering test
- SBT Side bridge test
- BSR- Back saver sit and reach test
- BASR Bi-lateral active shoulder rotation range of motion; IR Internal rotation; ER External rotation
- SB Stork balance; EO Eyes open; EC Eyes closed
- YBT Y Balance Test; Ant Anterior; PM Posterio medial; PL Posterio lateral;
- POA Proprioception of the ankle; 10°D 10° dorsiflexio; 11°P 11° plantar flexion; 25°P 25° plantar flexion; EO Eyes open; EC Eyes closed
- T2 Time 2, at the end of *yoga* intervention
- T3 Time 3, at the end of follow-up period

6.4 **YOGA INTERVENTION - MINDFULNESS**

Bartlett's test of sphericity was confirmed as significant ($\chi^2(10)=321.070$, p<0.001). Cronbach's alpha coefficients indicated that the subscales observe - 0.672, describe - 0.742, acting with awareness - 0.729 and non-reacting - 0.731 were internally consistent, falling within acceptable range except non-judging with an alpha of 0.406. The intercorrelations presented in Table 10 show that all FFMQ subscales were significantly intercorrelated. Results of the regression analyses predicting each FFMQ facet from the other four facets combined revealed extremely significant models with observe - (F=(4,77)=39.608, p<0.001) with an R² of 0.656, describe - (F=(4,77)=71.556, p<0.001) with an R² of 0.777, act with awareness - (F=(4,77)=42.242, p<0.001) with an R² of 0.671, non-judging - (F=(4,77)=28.439, p<0.001) with an R² of 0.575, non-reactivity - (F=(4,77)=45.474, p<0.001) with an R² of 0.687, indicating that although intercorrelated, a substantial proportion of the variance in each facet is distinct from the other four facets and contributed independently towards the prediction of mindfulness (Baer et al., 2008; Cash, & Whittingham, 2010). For all the variables, there seemed no difference of significance and direction of association between the original, outlier removed model. Hence, the outlier-removed model was retained.

	OBS	D	AA	NJ
Observe				
Describe	.801			
Act-aware	.695	.777		
Non-judging	.594	.729	.715	
Non-reactivity	.736	.798	.753	.677

Table 10: Inter-correlations between the facets of five-facet mindfulness questionnaire

Note - All p < .001

OBS - Observe, D - Describe, AA - Act-aware, NJ -Non-judging

Linear mixed-effect model

As indicated by the comparison of the model fit there was a significant (p<0.001) difference between the model as compared to the baseline model among all the five facets. When including the interaction term in the model, there was no significant fixed effect (p>0.05) of time for all the facets at T2 and T3 as compared to the T1. Also, no significant fixed effect in group (*yoga* as compared to controls) can be noted for all the facets. However, significant interaction effect (group*time interaction) at T2 can be found among all the facets except for the facet of act with awareness. There was no significant interaction effect (group*time interaction) for all the facets at T3 as illustrated in Table 11.

		Value	Std.Error	t-value	DF	p-value	
Baseline	(Intercept)	19.77	0.42	47.46	80	< 0.00	
Model 1	(Intercept)	18.44	0.71	26.12	79	< 0.00	
Observe	Group (yoga vs control)	0.23	0.98	0.24	79	0.814	
	Time T2	0.38	0.74	0.52	79	0.603	
	Time T3	-0.10	0.64	-0.16	79	0.872	
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	9.04	1.02	8.85	79	< 0.00	
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	1.75	0.88	1.98	79	0.052	
		Condi	tional R^2 : 0.6	61; Margi	nal R ² :	0.416	
	Com	parison of	Model Fit:	X ² (5)=1	19.16,	p<0.001	
Baseline	(Intercept)	21.06	0.47	44.90	80	< 0.00	
Model 2	(Intercept)	19.79	0.81	24.47	79	< 0.00	
Describe	Group (yoga vs control)	0.06	1.12	0.06	79	0.95	
	Time T2	-0.15	0.81	-0.19	79	0.85	
	Time T3	-1.08	0.65	-1.66	79	0.10	
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	10.08	1.13	8.95	79	< 0.00	
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	2.77	0.90	3.07	79	0.002	
		Conditional R ² : 0.669; Marginal R ² : 0.414					
	Com	parison of	Model Fit:	X ² (5)=1	28.49,	p<0.00	
Baseline	(Intercept)	22.96	0.45	50.97	80	<0.001	
Model 3	(Intercept)	20.31	0.83	24.47	79	< 0.00	
Act With Awareness	Group (yoga vs control)	0.86	1.15	0.75	79	0.458	
	Time T2	2.46	0.94	2.61	79	0.01	
	Time T3	0.36	0.63	0.57	79	0.573	
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	6.78	1.31	5.18	79	< 0.00	
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	1.69	0.88	1.92	79	0.05	
		Cor	nditional R ² :	0.589; Ma	rginal	R ² : 0.34′	
	Com	parison of	Model Fit:	X ² (5)=	=96.38,	p<0.00	

 Table 11: Repeated measures results for the five-facets of mindfulness using linear mixed

 effects model

Baseline	(Intercept)	20.88	0.29	71.24	79	< 0.001	
Model 4	(Intercept)	20.28	0.57	35.70	78	< 0.001	
Non-Judging	Group (yoga vs control)	-0.70	0.79	-0.88	78	0.383	
	Time T2	0.69	0.77	0.90	78	0.370	
	Time T3	-0.41	0.52	-0.79	78	0.429	
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	7.94	1.07	7.41	78	< 0.001	
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	1.68	0.72	2.33	78	0.023	
		Conditional R ² : 0.575; Marginal R ² : 0					
	Com	Comparison of Model Fit:			X ² (5)=94.73, p<0.001		
Baseline	(Intercept)	18.17	0.39	46.51	80	< 0.001	
Model 5	(Intercept)	16.63	0.70	23.79	79	< 0.001	
Non-Reactivity	Group (yoga vs control)	1.13	0.98	1.15	79	0.253	
	Time T2	1.02	0.75	1.36	79	0.176	
	Time T3	-0.73	0.60	-1.21	79	0.231	
	GroupYoga:TimeT2	6.22	1.06	5.89	79	< 0.001	
	GroupYoga:TimeT3	1.92	0.84	2.28	79	0.026	
		Condi	tional R ² : ().583; Mar	ginal l	R ² : 0.364	
	Comparison of Model Fit: $X^2(5)=105.26$, p<0.00						

 $\overline{T2 - Time 2}$, at the end of *yoga* intervention; T3 - Time 3, at the end of follow-up period

All figures of the linear mixed effect model illustrating the comparison of the muscular functioning and five facet mindfulness variables between the groups at pre (T1), post (T2) and follow-up (T3) are given in the appendices (Appendix VIII).