Swami Vivekananda Yoga Anusandhana Samsthana A University, established under Section 3 of the UGC Act, 1956 vide Notification No. F.9-45/2001-U.3 dated 08-05-2001 of the Government of India

PGDYT - II Semester

Max Marks: 100

PGDYT T 202 Bhagavadgita

Date: 31-05-2012

	Thursday structions:	Duration: 3 Hours 1. Write neatly & answer to the point. 2. Maintain a beautiful smile on the face throughout. 3. Kindly answer the I, II & III Questions in the QP itself.			
<u>C</u> ł	noose the ap	propriate ans	wer amo	ong the four o	$\frac{1}{\text{ptions given}}: 1 \times 10 = 10$
1.	Ajamila was	a	. (E	Brahmana; Kshat	riya: Vaishya: Shudra}
2.		ity which charact		10 m	nakti path is possessing a seva: love; indifference}
3.	Milk of the b fattening.	uffalo is consider	red more	sir {Tamasik; Raj	nce it is heavier and more asik: Sattvik: Tattvik}
4.	THE RESIDENCE ADMINISTRAL WAY	is characterize and economic dev Rajo-guna: Sattv	elopment.		eat endeavor for sense
5.	One falls dow (attachment:	on from the right passion: reasonin	path when ig: anger}	NEX EX 25 EXECUTE:	is destroyed.
6.	As the bhakta everywhere.	proceeds from S emptines		lirguna bhakti, h God; himself}	e finds
7.		chapter of Bhaga oga: Purushottam	5.5%	8.5	kti Yoga}
8.		s to escape from t h: merit & demer			& sorrow)
9.		o of Astanga Yoga ayama: Pratyahar		i}	
10.		of Jnana Yoga is t na; Bhakti: Jnana		a) is visited than	by realizing our true nature

II. Match the following:

110		10	= 5
1/2	X	IU	- 3

Sl. No.	A	B	Answer
1	BG Chapter IV	Raja-Vidya-Raja-Guhya Yoga	
2	BG Chapter XVI	Karma-Sannyasa Yoga	
3	BG Chapter XVIII	Ksetra-Ksetrajna-VibhagaYoga	
4	BG Chapter X	Jnana-Karma-Sannyasa Yoga	
5	BG Chapter IX	Bhakti Yoga	
6	BG Chapter XI	Moksa-Sannyasa Yoga	
7	BG Chapter XIII	Karma Yoga	
8	BG Chapter III	Visvarupa-Darsana Yoga	
9	BG Chapter XII	Vibhuti Yoga	
10	BG Chapter V	DaivasurasampadvibhagaYoga	

III.	Sav	True	or	Fa	lse:

$1/2 \times 10 = 5$

1.	Bhagavadgita was first translated into English in 1785 by Charles Wilkins.	C)
2	Yoga often refers to the subtle layers of causal states of our mind.	()
3.	Raja Yoga is simply service in love & devotion to God.	()
	Man is himself his friend, himself his foe.	()
 4. 5. 	and the set of do's	()
6.	to the higher levels of consciousness, bliss also gets simulta	neously ()
7.	Working in awareness becomes the blissful process of unattached action,	()
8.	Most people are servants of the senses & are thus directed by the dictates of		
9	. The mind which follows in the wake of the wandering senses, carries away	y his ignor (ance.
1	 Sattvik foods are Rasyah (Savoury), Snigdhah (Oleaginous), Sthirah (Sub Hridyah (agreeable). 	ostantial) a (ınd
			3

IV. Answer the following in a sentence:

 $1 \times 5 = 5$

- 1. What is the meaning of the sentence "Yogah Karmasu Kaushalam"?
- Why should you hold the body, head & neck
 Define the term 'Padmapatramivambhasa'.

- 4. What is Dharana?5. Why the soul is indestructible & imperishable?

V. Answer the following in two or three sentences:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

- 1. Who is 'Sthitha Prajna' / 'a man of steady wisdom'?
- 2. Write short notes on 'Samatvam Yoga Uchyate'.
- 3. Name the five organs of perception and five organs of action.
- 4. Compare & contrast the terms Kama and Prema.
- 5. What is the secret of action?

VI. Answer the following in brief:

 $5 \times 5 = 25$

- 1. Write about the three modes of nature. (Trigunas)
- 2. Describe the path of Jnana Yoga.
- 3. Explain the methodology to be adopted: to approach a Guru in order to acquire the Self-Knowledge.
- 4. Why the first chapter of the Bhagavadgita is called "The YOGA of Arjuna's Despondency?
- 5. What is the concept of 'Atmasvarupa' in Bhagavadgita?

VII. Explain the following in detail:

 $10 \times 4 = 40$

- 1. The theory of four yogas in the context of Bhagavadgita.
- 2. The practical application of Bhagavadgita in Human Life.
- 3. The theory of Psycho Analysis in the context of Bhagavadgita.
- 4. Has this study made any impressions on your personal life? If yes, how? If no, why not?
